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One month, " " "	50	
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Announcing a candidate for office, money in advance, \$1.00		
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A. J. MURRAY Proprietor.

THE CYNTHIANA NEWS.

DEVOTED TO POLITICS, NEWS, LITERATURE, EDUCATION, &C.

VOLUME 6.

CYNTHIANA, KY., THURSDAY, AUGUST 14 1856.

NUMBER 45

A Letter from Mr. Fillmore.

From the Philadelphia News

The following is a letter from Millard Fillmore, addressed to a gentleman of this City, who does not wish his name made public, has been handed to us for publication:

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 4th 1856.

—Esq.—DEAR SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your friendly note of the 30th ult., together with the beautiful case accompanying it, made from one of the joists which supported the floor of the Library of the late lamented Henry Clay.

I accept this token of your friendship, and respect with grateful emotions, and value it not merely or mainly for its costly and elegant workmanship, but chiefly for the memento which prompted the donation, and the remembrances awakened by the donation. I shall never look upon this case without being reminded of Ashland and its late noble possessor. Though dead, he still lives, and his voice, speaking from his consecrated grave, calls upon his countrymen to stand by the Union and maintain the Constitution.

He was my friend, and I shall be most happy if my conduct shall prove that I was worthy of his confidence.

With renewed thanks,

MILLARD FILLMORE.

A letter in Indianapolis Journal gives account of an Old Line Democrat meeting, somewhere in Indiana, where there were ten booths erected for the sale of whisky, all of which made money, although the company present did not exceed two hundred. That was a great outpouring of the people.

Mr. FILLMORE MAY AS WELL GIVE IT UP now.—Seeing that the following German [R. C.] papers have come out for him—the Black Republican:

Deutsche Freie Blätter; Beobachter; Rochester, Freudenstadt; Preiburg; Wachenblatt; Philadelphia; Liner Welt; Erie; Vaterlandsblaetter; Erie; Morgenstern; Doylestown; Volksschule & Beobachter.

Well! If Mr. Fillmore can encounter those low-browers—and live—he is a hero indeed.

To Young Men out of Employment.—The best place to look is the printing office. Assemble early and stay late—Smoke, chew, and discuss all the topics of the day—religious, political, and social. Select the latest and most valuable exchanges with which to light your cigars. Occasionally knock down a column of type and laugh at the job—Read aloud the auction bills. Scrutinize the manuscript over the compositor's shoulders. If the editor is writing, assist him in concentrating his thoughts by loud and boisterous discussion of “salpiture question.” Ask no questions, and make yourselves generally interesting.—[Charleston (W. Va.) Courier]

ANNOUNCEMENT

“Although the Nationality of the Democratic party has been established beyond a doubt,”—Examiner.

PROOF

“I offer a reward for the man who will point to a word or line of the Democratic platform, which favors the extension of slavery.”—John Van Buren.

“I consider the Nebraska bill a proposition in favor of freedom.”—Pierce.

“It opens the country south of 36 degs 39 min to freedom.”—Douglas.

“The South will never submit to the notions and pernicious heresy of squatter sovereignty.”—Enquirer.

“The principle is unshakably established, in spite of the howls of fanaticism.”

“I deny that slaves are property.”—[McClellan.]

“Hell is too comfortable a place for slave-holders.”—[McClellan.]

“Collect what name you please, squat sovereignty or popular sovereignty, the principle has been established by the Democratic party.”—[Hon. G. W. Jones.]

“Under the operation of the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, our Northern emigrants will settle the territory and determine the character of their institutions, before the slave-holder can pack up his household goods, hand-cuff his negroes and get ready to start.”—Mr. W. Montgomery.

One of the leading Buccaneer orators of Pennsylvania:

“Under the operation of this bill not another foot of slave territory will ever come into the Union.”—Shields.

“Having admitted the free-soilers into the National Convention I do not see how we can refuse to accord to them the weight due to their numbers and influence in deciding upon the future policy of the party.”—Wash. Star.

These extracts, and hundreds of others we could quote, “establish the nationality of the Democratic party with a vengeance.”

DIDN'T WANT TO PAY HIS TAXES.—The Pennsylvania papers are ridiculing the idea of Old Buck being the “Favorite son of Pennsylvania.” They say that Pennsylvanians can have but little affection for a man, who, to avoid paying a “few dollars,” tax for State and common school purposes, denied being a citizen of the State, while Secretary of State under Mr. Polk. They not only charge this, but prove it, by the following letter addressed to the county assessor at Lancaster:

WASHINGTON, Feb 26, 1846.

Dear Sir:—I have received yours of the 12th inst., informing me that, not knowing whether I considered myself a resident of Lancaster, you have assessed me as such. I had supposed that you would know that I had recently left Lancaster nearly a year ago, and have ever since been a resident of this city, where my official duties require that I should reside. I trust that at some future period I may again become a resident of Lancaster, but that is wholly uncertain.

JAMES BECHANAN.

Michael Dandie, Esq.

The idea that a man forfeits his State Citizenship, by becoming a temporary Government officer, at Washington, is certainly a novel one. This is almost equal to, and perhaps in keeping with his ten cents a day doctrine. What do our Democratic friends think of their candidate, who wanted them to work for ten cents a day, and yet availed himself of such a scheme to get rid of a small poll tax? Great man, isn't he?

A “JIMMY” FOR QUART.—We were somewhat amused in passing through the Lexington Market, a day or two since, at the reply of a fruit vendor to an interrogatory put to him. A gentleman approached his stall and asked—

“What's the price of your Strawberries?”

“A Jimmy a quart,” was the response. “A Jimmy a quart,” reiterated the purchaser, “why I never heard of a coin by that name—or what value, pray, is it?”

“Why ten cents,” in other words, a dime, just the amount that Jimmy Buchanan wants poor men to work for per day, is the price that I charge for my strawberries a quart.”

“At that rate I guess poor men would not be able to eat many—do you think they would?” retorted the seller.

“I am decidedly of your opinion,” rejoined the gentleman, “and will take three Jimmy's worth.”

“Ah,” said he as he measured out the berries, “it will take the worth of a dozen Jimmy's to beat—”

“Stop stop my friend, your measure is not full; Fill more.”

“Fill more is exactly what I intended to say.”

THREE MORE.—The mode the anti-American leaders take to keep up the sinking courage of their party, is amusing.

About every two or three weeks they sifted a list of names, said to be of persons who have withdrawn from the American party. An examination of the list will show, that many—probably two-thirds of them—were published prior to the August election of 1855!—The other third never lived in the localities!—[Shelby News.]

A SUGAR-BOX.—A correspondent of the London Times, writing with reference to the probable loss of the steamship Pacific, and the painful absence of positive information suggests:

“Let every vessel that is sent on a perilous voyage take on board carrier pigeons. A few words, giving longitude or even more, would serve as a guide, and at least set at rest doubts and hazardous conjectures. The birds would be let loose, of course, according to distance from the respective coasts.”

WORTH TRYING.—An exchange recommends the following:

“To prevent dogs becoming mad, take as much African cassia pepper as will make a pill about the size of a large pea. Give this in raw meat once or twice a week during the warm months, and you will have no mad dogs.”

THE KANSAS DELEGATE.—The House of Representatives yesterday, by a vote of yeas 110, nays 92, declared that Mr. Whitfield was not entitled to a seat in the House as a delegate from the Territory of Kansas. A resolution admitting Mr. Reeder as a Delegate from the Territory was then rejected—yeas 88, nays 113, the House thus declaring its opinion that neither of the parties named had been legally elected.—Wash. Organ 2d.

A letter dated Callao, June 27, says that the American ships at the Chincha Islands intend giving a grand ball on the evening of the Fourth of July. There were about twenty American ladies in the fleet.

In the Frankfort District, Nuttall [Dem] is probably elected Judge over Poyr.

THE FRANCISCO.—Last Tuesday the 11th inst., Stephan Bishop, the guide, and three students, Robert Taylor, Clarence Bates, and Wm. L. Stone, while rambling in the cave discovered an entirely unknown passage of some two miles in length. By this important discovery, the cave, already the largest in the world, is found to extend eleven miles instead of nine miles, as has hitherto been supposed. This passage was found by the party to chambers for surpassing all those formerly known, both in extent and magnificence. It is supposed that this discovery will lead to others of still greater importance.

JOHN BULL'S GRATITUDE.—The great foreign fiddler, after being courted and having his pockets well lined by Southern money, thus repays the South for her favors. We copy the following items from the St Pauls, [Minnesota] Times:

OLE BULL.—This eminent Violinist is publishing the account of a man being killed in Georgetown, D. C., for cutting down a Buchanan pole, unjustly heads it, “Another Know Nothing outrage.” If the Courier had read the report of the case by the authorities, it would scarcely have been such a swift witness to bear false evidence. The whole soul is wrapped up in Freedom, and so enthusiastically interested is he in the cause, that he has already agreed to take the stump in Wisconsin for Fremont.

OLE BULL.—It is said by the Dubuque Republican that this noble friend of Freedom has given \$500 towards establishing a German Republican paper in Wisconsin. Our Minneapolis friends will please bear this in mind, when he gives his Concert there.

OLE BULL.—It is said by the Dubuque Republican that this noble friend of Freedom has given \$500 towards establishing a German Republican paper in Wisconsin. Our Minneapolis friends will please bear this in mind, when he gives his Concert there.

Like Kosuth, the viper attempts to strike the bosom that warmed it into life. When will Americans learn to treat foreign demagogues and mountebanks with the contempt they only deserve?

MR. HOWES, a journeyman printer in Montgomery, Alabama, recently came into possession of \$75,000. The fattest take he ever had.

AMERICAN PLATTFORM.—At a meeting of the chief Council of the American Party for the District of Columbia, composed of delegates from the subordinate councils of each district, the following Platforms of principles and opinions was recommended to the National and State councils of the American party for adoption.

It is an humble acknowledgement to the Supreme Being who rules the universe, for his protecting care vouches to our fathers in their successful Revolutionary struggle, and hitherto manifested to us, their descendants, in the preservation of the liberties, the independence, and the union of these States.

2d. The perpetuation of the Federal Union as the palladium of our civil and religious liberties, and the only sure bulwark of American Independence.

3d. AMERICANS MUST RULE AMERICA, and to this end, native born citizens should be elected for all States, Federal and municipal offices of government employment, in preference to naturalized citizens, nevertheless;

4th. Persons born of American parents residing temporarily abroad, should be entitled to all the rights of native born citizens; but

5th. No person should be selected for political station (whether of native or foreign birth,) who recognises any allegiance or obligation of any year's duration to any foreign prince, potentate, or power, or who refuses to recognize the Federal or State constitutions (each within its sphere) as paramount to all other laws, as rules of political action.

6th. The unqualified recognition and maintenance of the reserved rights of the several States, and the cultivation of harmony and fraternal good will, between the citizens of the several States, and to this end, non-interference by each State with the affairs of any other state.

7th. The recognition of the right of the native and foreign-born citizens of the United States, permanently residing in any Territory thereof, to frame their constitution and laws, and to regulate their domestic affairs in their own mode, subject only to the provisions of the Federal Constitution, with the right of admission into the Union whenever they have the requisite population for one representative in congress. Provided, always, that none but those who are citizens of the United States, under the constitution and laws thereof, and who have fixed residence in such a Territory, ought to participate in the formation of a constitution, or in the enactment of laws for said Territory or State.

8th. An enforcement of the principle that no State or Territory can admit others, native-born citizens to the right of suffrage, or of holding political office, unless such persons shall have been naturalized according to the laws of the United States.

9th. A change in the laws of naturalization making a continued residence of twenty-one years, of all not heretofore provided, for an indispensable requisite for citizenship hereafter, and excluding all paupers and persons convicted of crime, from landing on our shores; but no interference with the vested rights of foreigners.

10th. Opposition to any union between Church and State, no interference with religious faith, or worship, and no test oaths for office, except as indicated in the 5th section of this platform.

11th. Free and thorough investigation into any and all alleged abuses of public functionaries, and a strict economy in the public expenditures.

12th. The maintenance and enforcement of all laws until said laws shall be repealed, or shall be declared null and void by competent judicial authority.

13th. Opposition to the reckless and unwise policy of the present administration in the general management of our national affairs, and more especially as shown in removing “American” designation and conservative in, principal, from office, and placing foreigners and ultra-traitors in their places; as shown in trucking subversive to the stronger, and insolent and cowardly brawling towards the weaker powers; as shown in repealing the Missouri Compromise; as shown in granting to unnaturalized foreigners the right to suffrage in Kansas Nebraska; as shown in the removal of Judge Bronson from the Collectorship of New York upon false and untenable grounds; as shown in the corruptions which provide some of the departments of the governments as shown in the blundering mismanagement of our foreign relations.

14th. Therefore, to remedy existing evils, and prevent the disastrous consequences otherwise resulting therefrom, we would build up the “American party” upon the principles hereinbefore stated, eschewing all sectional questions, and uniting upon those purely national, and admitting into said party all American citizens, (referred to in the 3d, 4th, and 5th sections,) who openly avowed the principles and opinions heretofore expressed, and who will subscribe their names to this platform. Provided, nevertheless, that a majority of those members present at any meeting of a local council where an applicant applies for membership in the American party, may, for any reason by them deemed sufficient, deny admission to such applicant.

15th. A free and open discussion of all political principles embraced in our platform.

JOSEPH H. BRADLEY, President.

JNO L. SMITH, Secretary.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.

T. R. RANKIN AGENT.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, PROPRIETOR.

GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.

PARIS HOTEL, PARIS, KENTUCKY.

March 20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-1

MISSOURI ELECTION.

St Louis, Friday, Aug 8.

As far as ascertained, the vote in the counties heard from, stands as follows: Polk [Dem] 17,521; Benton (Benton) 1,665; Ewing [K. N.] 19,238.

St Louis, Friday Aug 8 P M

We have the vote of thirty-three counties, which give Benton, 11,984; Polk, 18,64; Ewing, 29,745. Ewing leads Polk, 1,740, and Benton 8,761.

Benton will be beaten by Polk at least 9,000 votes. The contest between Polk and Ewing is still in doubt.

The following Congressmen have been elected. F. P. Blair, (Dem) S. Caruthers, (Dem) Anderson, [K. N.] Green (Dem) over Lindley; Craig (Dem) over Missouri Woodson (K. N.) in Miller's district, and for the vacancy in that district, Akers, (K. N.)

Very little news from Phelps' district.

Sr. Louis, Saturday, Aug 9.

In the Second Congressional District, Anderson's majority in nine counties is six hundred over Richmond, Dem. Two counties remain to be heard from, but Anderson's election is considered certain.

In the Third District, five counties give Green, (Dem) 300 over Lindley, American. Lindley is considerably behind his vote in fifty-four of these counties. His defeat is looked for.

In the Fifty District, seven counties give Woodson, American, for the full term, four hundred over Price; Bentonite.

Douglas, [Dem], is about 650 behind Price.

The same counties in the same District gives Akers, American, 500 majority over Jackson, Dem.

The few returns from the Sixth District indicate that Phelps will be elected for another term.

Forty-one counties, including St Louis, elect twenty-one Americans, twenty Bentonites, fifteen Democrats and six Whigs to the House.

As far as heard from three Americans, three Democrats and two Bentonites are elected to the Senate.

Mr. Fillmore's letter, accepting the endorsement of the United Americans has been published. He says:

"My position before the country is well known, admitting neither of disguise nor equivocation. I am the candidate of the American party, but I see nothing inconsistent with that position or dishonorable either to myself or those who may support me in receiving the votes of all those, who knowing my position, prefer to cast them for me, and I feel peculiarly flattered where it is done, as in your case, on the ground of my past official acts. I, therefore, accept the nomination so generously tendered by the Order of United Americans, and hope they may never have reason to regret this signal proof of confidence."

An Unexpected Reunion.

A Boston ship, while on her way homeward from a distant clime, spoke an Eastern brig from the West Indies, in a critical condition. The captain of the brig was determined to stick to his vessel, yet he desired the commander of the ship to take off his wife, who was on board, and she, with great reluctance, parted from her husband, with the fear at her heart that she might never see him again. For the remainder of the voyage the wife was in a melancholy state of mind, constantly regretting that she ever left the side of her husband. In the mean time however, a New York vessel had fallen in with the wreck, and had taken off her husband, who, in consequence of favorable winds, reached New York in advance of the vessel due at Boston. He watched with great anxiety for the approach of the ship, which had been retarded on her voyage by contrary winds. At length the vessel was telegraphed, and the husband hastened to the wharf. The wife stood upon the deck of the approaching ship, when suddenly her eyes fell upon her husband, and the unexpected sight so much affected her that she fainted away, but was soon recovered, and joined her husband, both parties exhibiting great joy and gratitude at their unexpected reunion.

Animal Instinct.

The most extraordinary exhibition of animal instinct that we have lately heard of, is that displayed by the dogs of Philadelphia in their devices to evade the operation of the dog law. A certain appropriation, it appears, is made each month for the dog catchers, who rush on their business as long as the appropriation lasts, but as soon as it is exhausted they suspend operations till the next month. The dogs understand this stay within doors and keep their mouths tight shut till the fund runs out, and when that happens out comes every whelp of them, with universal howl, and for the balance of the month ranges the city, and with perfect impunity conducts himself just as suits his own caprices and convenience. It's a fact--so the people say.

HORRIBLE DEATH.—A San Francisco paper says: While Mr. Dugan, proprietor of the Seven-mile House, between this place and Shasta, was working in his well on Monday last, the banks on either side caved in, covering the greater portion of his body. He sank rapidly and was finally lost sight of. Through the almost superhuman exertions, however, of a few of his neighbors, the earth was quickly thrown up, and he again appeared, still alive and able to speak. He said in a voice loud enough for all to hear, "Work fast, boys, or I'll suffocate." They did all in their power to extricate Mr. Dugan from his painful situation, but before they could do so another and a heavier slide of the earth went in on him and completely buried him alive. His body was taken out on Tuesday morning.

A Kentuckian, who has recently traveled extensively in New York, states that the contest in that great State, for the Presidency, is unquestionably between Fillmore and Fremont, and that Buchanan has no chance whatever of carrying the State. The vote of the entire Southern States, combining with New York, would give to Mr. Fillmore 155 electoral votes, and secure his election. The addition of 20,000 Democratic votes to Mr. Fillmore's strength in the South, properly distributed, would make him the President.

R. H. FORRESTER, Maysville Eagle.

Our gallant and invincible standard bearer, Roger W. Hanson, has returned from his recent tour through the middle counties of the State, in fine health and the best possible spirits. He has been doing efficient service for the last month, and is highly gratified at the prospects of Fillmore and Donelson in all the counties through which he passed. In every one of them it is asserted that a larger vote will be cast for Mr. Fillmore than was obtained by Gov. Merriweather, and Mr. Hanson is confident that if the remainder of the State shall do as well as the one forth of it he has visited, the vote of the State will be cast for Fillmore by a decidedly increased majority.

So soon as Mr. Hanson's professional engagements will permit it, he will enter again upon the canvass, and will devote himself to the American cause and its candidates until the November election.—Lex Obs 6th

TUE THREE PARTIES.—Mr. Seward—day for compromises is past.

Mr. Toombs—I am glad of it.

Mr. Crittenden—I would compromise to the last moment of time, provided we could preserved the original principle on which the government was erected."

The about extract, from the debate in the Senate on Wednesday last, is a fair and forcible exposition of the principles of the three parties now before the country: "Rule or ruin" is the spirit of two, "to preserve and bless the country" is the ruling motive with nine-tenths of the supporters of Mr. Fillmore. With which party will a patriot of any name or denomination act at the present time?

Post the Books.

What an economical Administration is this! How stands the figures? Here they are from official sources. The expenses are—

\$75,684,400 a year!

\$6,307,200 a month!

\$1,452,920 a week!

\$207,650 a day!

\$8,600 an hour!

\$2,40 a second

\$144 a minute!

RIGHT KIND OF ADOPTED CITIZENS.—The New Orleans Creole speaks of the conduct of an adopted citizen in that city, who braved the taunts of his misguided countrymen, early voted the American ticket and stood during the whole day by the polls using his influence with those with whom he was acquainted, to induce them to cast their suffrage in a similar way. He said—

"I am an American, and I came to this country to become an American. I ran away from the Government of these Germans in the Old World, and do you suppose I came here to help them establish the same Government here?—Besides, I owe all I am to Americans and my own industry. I receive my best patronage from Americans. I am treated by them as though I was one of them, and what will benefit them will equally secure my interests."

ARKANSAS.—The little news we have from Arkansas looks as if YELL (Amer.) had carried the State for Governor; but we have not enough returns to indicate the result.—lb.

—Belle Brittan, the Newport correspondent of the New York Mirror, says: Ladies who go fishing should leave their hoops at home, as sitting on them on the rocks is as hard as setting on a gridiron.

John W. Greay, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed Governor of Kansas, in place of Wilson Shannon removed. He served in the Mexican war as Col. of a Pennsylvania regiment, has been postmaster, Judge and Mayor of San Francisco, and is said to be well qualified for the position to which he has been chosen.

DOWN ON THE DUTCH!

Because the Foreigners have manifested a little independence by yielding to their natural inclinations in the support of Fremont, the Buchanan papers denounce them for everything that is vile, corrupt and wicked. "They are sour grapes," now!—The Cleveland Plain-dealer (a leading Buchanan paper) is down upon the Germans with savage ferocity, as will be seen by the subjoined extract from that paper:

These German ingrates are known as busy bodies and mischievous makers in every community where they reside. They were driven out of Germany in '48 for their chauvinism and middlebomness. They ignore the Bible and all revealed religion, believe in no future state of rewards and punishments, and act on the infidel motto, "live while we live." They aim at anarchy in politics, morals and religion, and are a CURSE to any country or community!—Their hatred to all forms of government and religion is such that they would willingly disfranchise themselves for the sake of seeing the Catholic and Protestant portion of their countrymen deprived of their votes. These hair lipped Germans. These Red mouthed Republicans know it—and, notwithstanding all this, they are now ready to lick the hand that was raised to smite them! They are to their own country a disgrace, to themselves untrue, and to their friends ungrateful. They are educated fanatics, and have no other bond of union with the fusionists of this country than fanaticism. That they would glory in the dissolution of the Union we have no doubt, and that they are throwing what little influence they have into the disunion scale, is abundantly evident from their acts.

IF I HAD A HORSE.—W. P. FREDERICK & CO., Franklin Square, N. Y.

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THE NEWS.

CYNTHIANA KY.

THURSDAY, : : : AUGUST 14

A. J. MORSE, Editor

American Nominations!

FOR PRESIDENT,
MILLARD FILLMORE,
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
ANDREW JACKSON DONELSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

DAN BRIGHAM,

Ambrotypist, will visit Cynthiana with his new Portable Ambrotype Room, about August 25th.

This Room is furnished with large side and Sky Light, which imparts to his pictures a clear even and natural color, obviating the defects found in old pictures taken by an ordinary light.

Those wishing to examine specimens or procure pictures that will remain unchanged by time, are cordially invited to give him a call. The sitting is reduced to about one third the time of the daguerreotype, and consequently pictures can be taken equally as well in cloudy as in clear weather.

In the Kentucky Age, of August 2d, was published a list of withdrawals from the American party in Pendleton county. Among them, we find the name of Samuel Anthrobus. This gentlemans brother called on us the other day, and authorized us to say that such was not the case, and that he is an enthusiastic American. What—

Am I a soldier of the "Sags,"
A follower of old "Buck,"
No! I can vote for no such Nags,
Asham and Jonny "Breck."

Filmore will carry old Kentuck,
With triumph and with ease,
Whilst "Buck" can never win the prize,
For "Ten-Cents" gents, if you please.

A beautiful thought this, that we find in one of our exchanges:

If there is a man who can eat his bread in peace with God and man, it is the man who has brought that bread out of the earth. It is cankered by no fraud, it is wet with no tears, it is stained with no blood.

Professor Julius Caesar Hannibal truly remarks: I say unto you, verily a white neckcloth and two skinned eyes are no criterion to judge fellow mortal by. De feller dat displays de signal ob distressed in de trousers am often as hasty as he who combs his hair back, and wears a long face.

The man who hoped to rid Philadelphia of tobacco by inordinately chewing, smoking and snuffing the "vile weed," left town for Cape May last week, in company with the individual who has been trying to gulf down all of the fire-water. They are now trying to exhaust the Atlantic with a teaspoon.

The marriage of Prince Frederick William, of Prussia, with the Princess Royal, of England it is now stated, will take place on the 1st of September, 1857. Queen Victoria and Prince Albert are expected to visit Berling in the latter part of the coming September to participate in the marriage ceremonies of Prince Louis and the Prince Regent of Baden.

The manufacture of watch-cases is carried on very extensively in Philadelphia. There are eleven firms engaged in the business, all of whom employ over three hundred hands, and turn out at least five hundred cases per week, at a cost of more than one million dollars annually. The gold manufactured into cases, weekly, does not amount to much less than \$14,000, over half a million of dollars a year.

John B. Brackenridge, who wounded young Leavenworth in a duel at Niagara Falls, is now one of the editors of the New Orleans Delta.

A gentleman named Mr. Strickland, who for twelve years had been an actor, has abandoned the stage for the pulpit, and preached at Dr. Baldwin's Church in East Troy on Saturday last.

A Schenectady editor, describing the effects of a squall on a canal boat, says: When the gale was at its highest the unfortunate craft kneeled to larboard, and the captain and another cask of whisky rolled overboard.

MORALS IN LOWELL.—One day, about two weeks since, no less than three infanticides were committed in the spindle city. The bodies were all seen floating in the Merrimac river, and one of them recovered.

FROM ILLINOIS.—A letter to the editor of the Maysville Eagle, from Fulton Co., Illinois, says:

Politics runs high here. Fillmore stock is rising fast. The Democrats are Free-soilers here—yet strange to tell, they cannot vote for Fremont. Here and thereabouts, Fillmore will certainly get a Majority. It is my opinion that the State can be carried for him.

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE. **Harrison County Elections!!**

As considerable noise has been made by the anti-American party of Harrison county, over what they call a victory, we have deemed it necessary to lay before our readers a few facts, with reference to the vote cast by the American party last year, [1855.] and this year, 1856.—We take the vote polled for Mr. Raymond, (Amer.) and Mr. Glave (Dem.) in each precinct last year, and we find that Mr. Raymonds' majority was 175. The total amount of votes cast in Harrison for Raymond last year, was 1072—the total amount for Glaves 902. In this

voted as many votes this year, as was polled last. And this is the "Redemption" crowded over so lustily by the Sags. A Blue-light Federalist.

We are astonished more and more, at the dishonesty of the Foreigner, the longer we live, especially that portion of them, who declare themselves in favor of Buchanan, for President. The Irishman or Scotchman, who has a particle of principle about him, and understands what blue-light federalism is, will certainly abandon Mr. Buchanan and his party. He will never give any aid or assistance to place in power the man that endorsed the "Hartford Convention."

Let the foreigner inquire the cause of the war, in 1812. He will find that England in her proud and ostentatious manner, had declared, that an Englishman, Englishman or Scotchman—having once been a subject was always a subject, and that if any one of them was engaged in service under any other flag, except that of England, on the high Seas, it was her right to board those vessels wherever found, and by force of might make that Englishman, Irishman or Scotchman, serve on board of an English ship-of-war. Mr. Madison, then President of the United States, after enduring this insult to the American Flag, for a long time, declared war against this nation, who asserted she was the ruler of the Seas, and he forced the British Lion to whine pitifully for peace. But where now do we find that so called stanch, tried and true "democrat"—Jamees Buchanan? the man that stands at the head of the anti-American party—the man who is asking for the suffrages of free, intelligent and chivalric people.—He opposed the people, and he opposed the administration, and traitor-like, excommunicated, and endorsed the action of the "Hartford Convention." This convention was giving aid and comfort to the enemies of our country, and these who adhered and affiliated with those blue-light Federalists, have been disengaged by every lover of his country, in terms as infamous, as was ever applied to the traitors of the Revolution.

At Buena Vista Precinct, we have reason to believe from the figures that no imported vote was brought to bear upon us. Last year this precinct cast 129 votes for Raymond, and 90 for the opposition. This year it cast 129 for the opposition, and 97 votes for the Americans.

At Kentontown a change of 16 votes was made from the American party to the opposition. Last year we polled 77 votes, and the opposition 111; this year the opposition polled 132, and the Americans 61 votes.

At Cason's precinct we find the imported vote used upon us. Last year, the Americans cast 105 votes, and the opposition cast 108, giving them 3 majority. This year, the Americans cast 108 votes, three more votes than the year before, and the opposition polled 126 votes, eighteen more than they cast last year.

At Colemansville precinct, last year, the Americans cast 154 votes, and the opposition polled 132. This year the Americans polled 155 votes; while the anties cast 174, gaining 42 votes more, than they received last year. It will be observed, also, that the Americans cast one more vote this year, than last.

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At Rutland precinct last year, the Americans polled 92 votes, and the opposition cast 43; this year the Americans cast 78, and the opposition 79. Here we find foul play again. The Americans lost only 14 votes, and placed those on the side of the opposition for last year gives them the meager vote of 54, but leaves us in the majority ten voters.

Again we ask the anties where those 25 votes came from, if they were not imported. A great many were never in the precinct before, and it would trouble the Assessor to find them now.

Leesburg precinct last year cast 132 votes for the Americans, and 117 for the opposition. This year the vote has been increased on both sides, the American vote being 149, and the opposition 137.

Having shown the entire vote of each District in the county, in the canvass for 1855, when the Americans were in the majority 175 votes, we find that we lost in this canvass only 21 votes—21 votes less, were cast for Martin this year, than for Raymond last year. The anti-American party in 1855, had the very strongest men in the field against us that could be found in the State, and the fight was strictly on the square. The principles were ably and warmly argued on both sides, yet all the votes that were mustered against us, did not number over 902. And when they cast every legal vote, they have in this county, they will find all the anti-American votes polled, can never go far above 902. At Casons' this year, 18 more votes were polled than there are voters in the precinct; and at Colemansville, 42 votes were cast, more than was ever known before. Kentontown district gave a larger vote for the opposition, by 11 votes, than heretofore. The opposition maugre much about the recusants from our party, but if they will look at the figures, they cannot count 50 votes in the county. Therefore, it will be seen by adding up the extra vote, polled at Casons, Colemansville and Kentontown, that 71 voters have been imported. And the reasons we offer for this assertion, is that the American party at these three precincts

polled as many votes this year, as was polled last. And this is the "Redemption" crowded over so lustily by the Sags.

The American State Council meet in Lexington on Wednesday the 20th day of August. Let there be a full attendance from every county in the State, preparatory to a vigorous champaign until November.

F. P. Blair, Esq., of St. Louis Free-soil and Bentonite Democrat, has been elected to Congress over Kennett; American, and Price, Old Line Democrat. This shows where the foreign vote goes.

Allen Posey, who killed Mr. Grant in Aspinwall, was executed on the 5th of June, dressed in a white gown stained with blood, and shot. He behaved admirably. There was a doubt whether he was sane.—Exchange.

THE United Democracy, of New York, have nominated a strong ticket for Governor id Lieutenant Governor. Judge Parke the Gubernatorial candidate, has been one of the most popular judges in the State. Mr. Vanderbilt the candidate for second office, is well known as the leier of the Hards in the Senate, a few years ago, when the great battle camell on the Internal Improvement question.

We repeat, it is a strong ticket, or rathewould be, under other circumstances than those which now exist. But as it stands, in New York, the ticket will be beaten out of sight. The next Governor of New York will be a member of the American party and a supporter of Fillmore and Donelson.

ASSUR—The news so far is favorable to the Americans in Missouri. We hope Evings (Amer.) is elected Governor, but we won't shout till we are out of the jogs.—

Keep it Before the People!—Hereafter ten cent pieces be no longer called "dime"—or a "shilling"—but let "Old Buck" have the honor of naming it—and let it be so called—"a Jimmy!" Let the Table of "Federal Mosey" be changed, and the next Governor of New York will be a member of the American party and a supporter of Fillmore and Donelson.

THE New York Ledger is a paper exciting, highly printed, fresh and interesting. Price to the trim with the topographical sketch; When young and old equally delighted; Boys and girls with great illustrations. It is a good paper, and we recommend it to our subscribers.

Keep it Before the People!—

Ten Mills make one Cent.

Ten Cents one Jimmy.

Ten Jimmies one Dollars.

Ten Dollars (or 100 Jimmies) one Eagle.

FRANKLIN COUNTY REDEEMED!—We find the following cheering announcement in the Louisville Journal:

"A short time since a Sag-Nicht in the disguise of an Old Line Whig, succeeded in defeating the American candidate for county judge. We knew at the time that this result did not proceed from a decrease in the American spirit in that county, but from certain peculiar opinions of the American candidate upon other political questions.

"But witness how gallantly the Americans of old Franklin have come to the rescue at the election just passed. The American candidates for county officers have been elected by majorities ranging from 175 to 220. This will be admitted to be a glorious triumph, when it is remembered that the Sag-Nicht elected their county judge, but a few months since by near one hundred majority."

It is very important that pupils enter at or as near the beginning of a session, as possible, to secure the benefit of the teacher, and to receive the best instruction.

Pupils may be accommodated with boarding in the family of the Principal, or in good families where they will receive the same attention and care, as under their parental roof. The friends of the school are solicited to continue their efforts to promote the interest of the school.

September 1st 1856.

THE Fall Session of the School will commence on Monday.

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The year is divided into two sessions, and classes are proceeding the first of July, but students can enter at any time during the session.

With our increased number of students, and friends of the school may be assured that no reasonable pains will be spared to render it worthy the confidence and support of the public.

For particulars see new Circular, or inquire of the Principal.

July 31, '56.

ROBERT B. NELSON, Editor and Proprietor.

HARRISON Female SEMINARY.

MRS. L. J. ORMSBY

PRINCIPAL.

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HARRISON COUNTY FOR SALE!!

A 105 Acres of Land, 10 miles West of Cynthiana. Being desirous of removing to Missouri, I offer my farm, situated on Beaver Creek, at private sale, and desirous of getting rid of it as quickly as possible.

It is a fine piece of land, well cultivated, and contains 100 acres of land.

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